



**RÉPUBLIQUE  
FRANÇAISE**

*Liberté  
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# **What future for digital technology in a carbon-neutral world - prospective workshop based on ADEME's work**

ECO-ICT day, October 8 2024

# Summary

## - *First 1h20* -

1. Presentation of ADEME and speakers
2. Presentation of ADEME's past / current work on digital technologies
3. Terminology
4. Ecosystem
5. Regulation
6. Env. impacts of digital technologies in France

*// Break //*

## - *Second 1h30* -

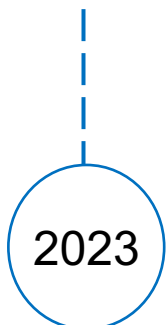
7. Presentation of the 4 ADEME scenarios
8. Presentation of digital technology in these scenarios
9. [Workshop linked to the scenarios](#)
10. Environmental impacts of digital technology in these scenarios
11. Conclusion

# The kind speakers



**Julia MEYER**  
Engineer – Sustainable IT  
ADEME  
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- Methodologies to evaluate the environmental footprint of IT services
- LCA study in IT
- Ecodesign and digital sufficiency



- LCA study in IT
- Environmental database



**Thomas de LATOUR**  
Engineer – Sustainable IT  
ADEME  
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- PhD in eco-design and operational research



- Consulting in digital transformation

- Web development
- Web eco-design



# What is ADEME in France ?



## State operator under supervision :

- Ministry of Ecological Transition, Energy, Climate and Risk Prevention;
- Ministry of Higher Education and Research.

## Areas of activity

- Climate change
- Air quality and mobility;
- Energy;
- Sustainable production;
- Urban planning;
- Agriculture and forests;
- **Circular economy;**
- Buildings;
- Behavior change.

## Our missions :

- Amplify the deployment of the ecological transition;
- Contribute to collective expertise;
- Innovate and prepare for the future.

## How ?

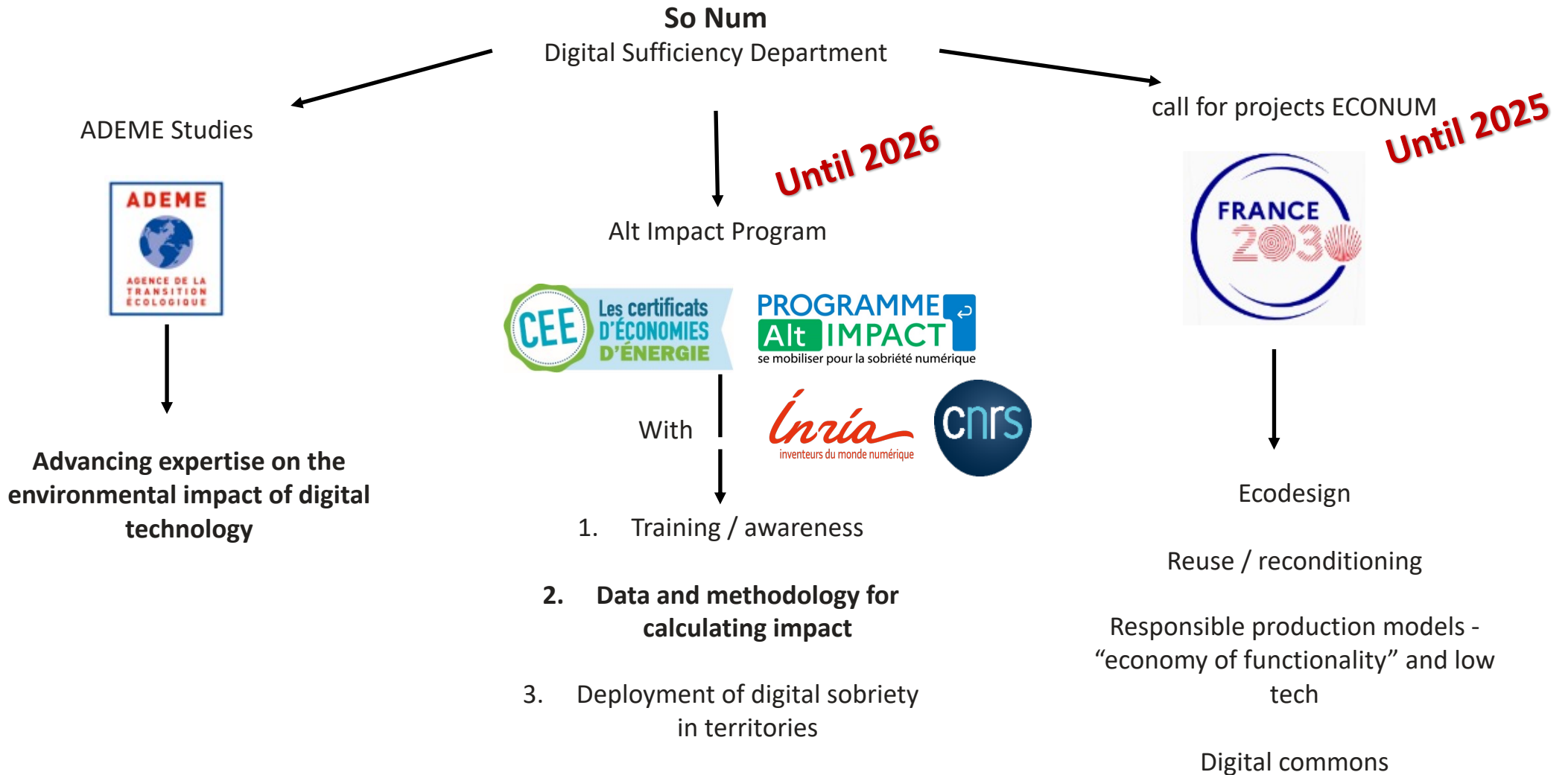
- Tools and methodologies
- Animation
- Expertise
- Financing

<https://agirpoulatransition.ademe.fr/>

<https://www.ademe.fr/>



# A department dedicated to digital sufficiency



## Expertise on the environmental impact of digital technology

	Objectives	Examples
Alt impact ↑ ↓	1 Produce environmental assessment studies	Impacts of digital in France, digital and metals, audiovisual services, IT4Green ...
	2 Environmental database for digital	BASE EMPREINTE®
	3 Methodologies for LCA of digital services	PCR* Digital service, Internet Service Provision, Datacenter and Cloud ...
	4 Identification of measurement and evaluation tools	Many existing tools

\*PCR : Product Category Rules

# Digital responsibility or digital sufficiency?

## Digital Responsibility

### Social

Inclusion  
Accessibility  
Human Rights  
...

### Ethics

Democratic  
Impact  
Discriminations  
Open source  
...


### Environment

Carbon Impact  
Metals extraction  
Fresh water  
consumption  
...


Digital Sufficiency

# Digital responsibility in France

**Legislators**



**Supervisors**



**Driving and funding**



**Research**



**Work groups**



**Public structures**

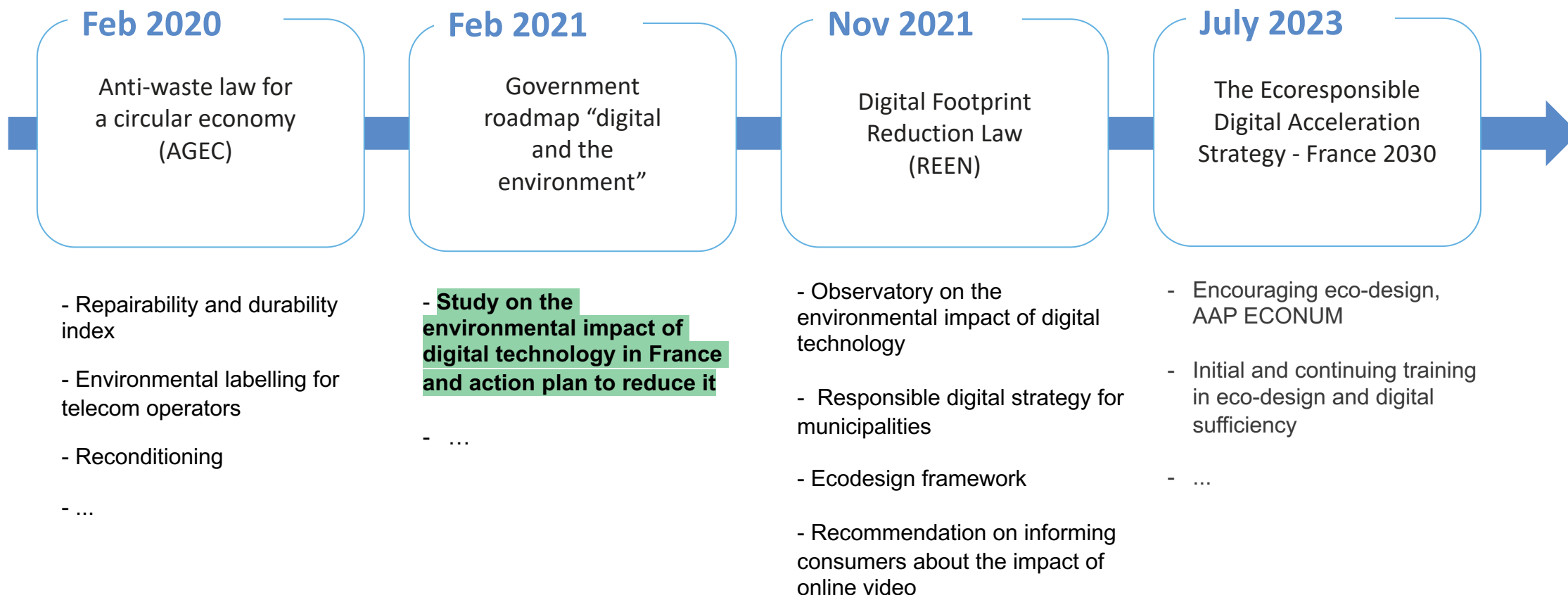


**Associations**



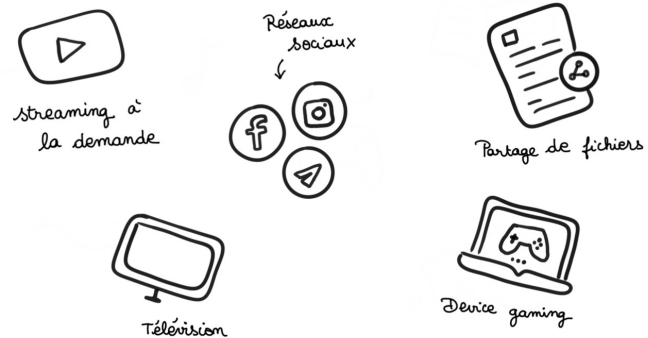



# Legislative framework in France



# SERVICES

## What scope

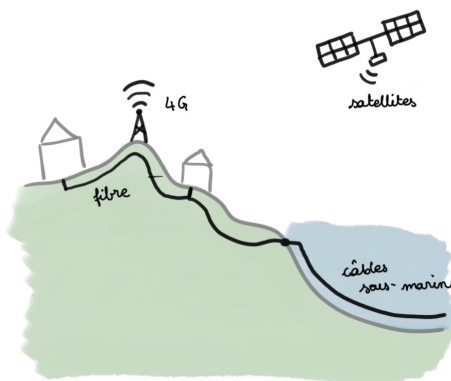


## SUPPORT MATÉRIEL

### Terminaux



### Réseaux



### Data Centers



# The environmental impact of digital technology in France

**Sept 2020:** ADEME-ARCEP mission letter to work on assessing the env. footprint of digital technology in France

> **Part 1: study methodology (life cycle assessment) :**

**Multi-criteria:** 12 environmental impact criteria (carbon footprint, consumption of metals and minerals, etc.).

**Multi-component:** user devices, networks and data centers.

**Multi-stage:** manufacture, distribution, use, end-of-life.

> **Part 2: assessment of the environmental impact of digital technology in France in 2020.**

> **Part 3: prospective analysis for 2030 and 2050.**

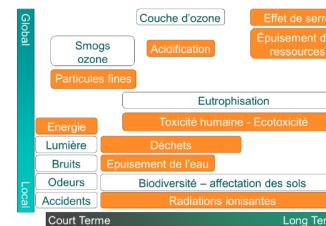
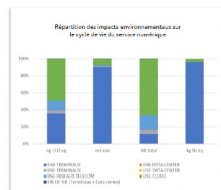
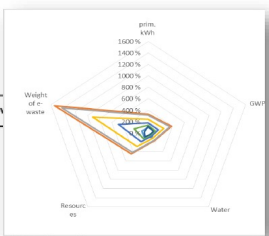
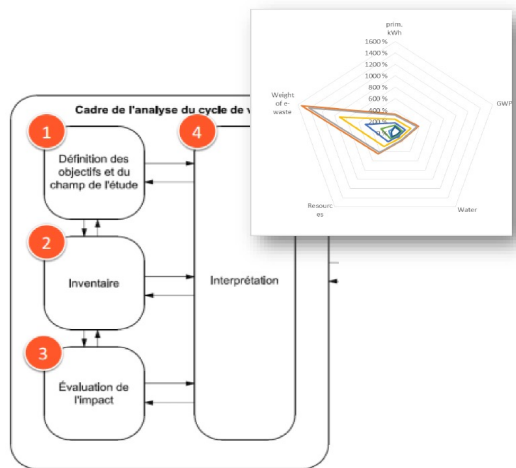
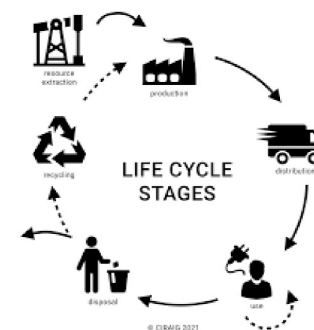
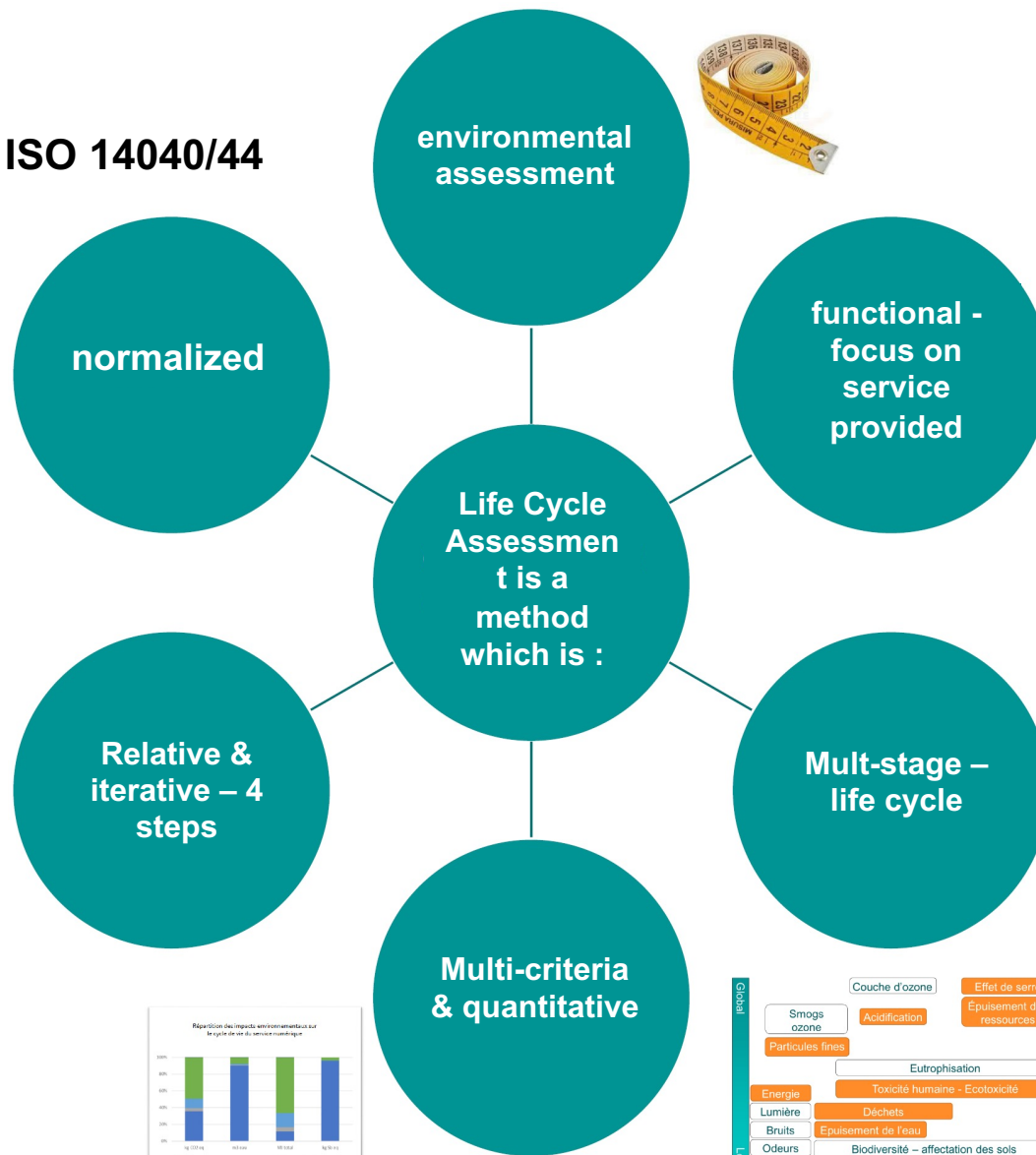
# Life cycle assessment - definition

- Life cycle assessment is the most advanced tool for the global, multi-criteria evaluation of environmental impacts. This standardized method assesses the quantifiable effects of products or services on the environment.
- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) identifies and quantifies the physical flows of materials and energy associated with human activities, throughout a product's life cycle. It assesses potential impacts, then interprets the results obtained according to its objectives

Source : <https://expertises.ademe.fr/economie-circulaire/consommer-autrement/passer-a-laction/dossier/lanalyse-cycle-vie/comment-realise-t-acv>

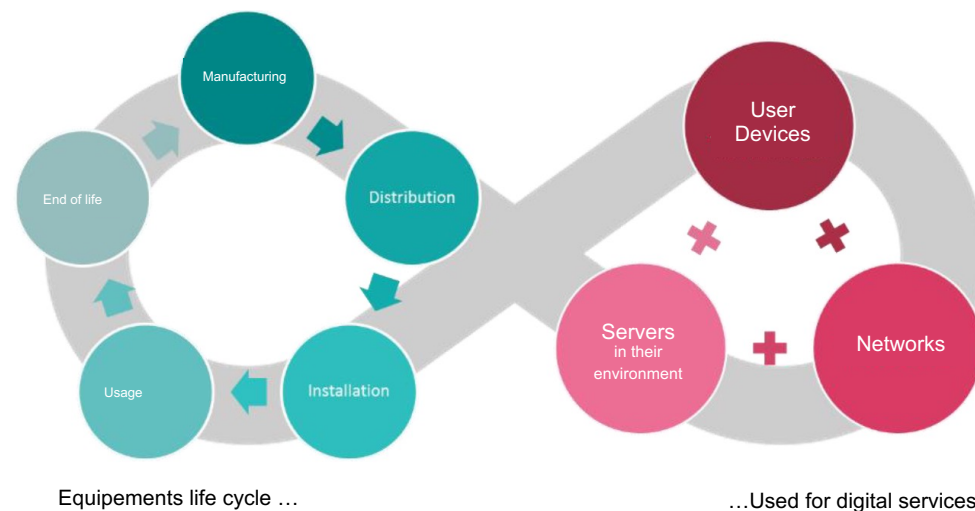
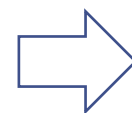
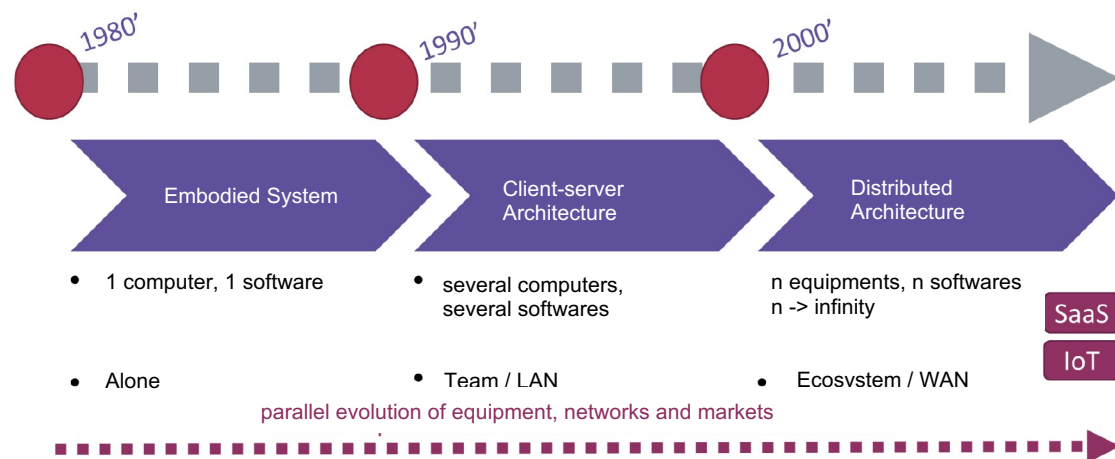
# What is Life Cycle Assessment?

ISO 14040/44



# Challenges of LCA applied to the digital sector

Increasingly complex systems...



... requiring a multi-dimensional lifecycle approach

# The environmental impact of digital technology in France

The carbon footprint of the digital sector in France

**17.2 Mt CO2 eq. or 2.5% of the national footprint**

**Energy consumption:** carbon footprint, ionizing radiation and depletion of abiotic fossil resources

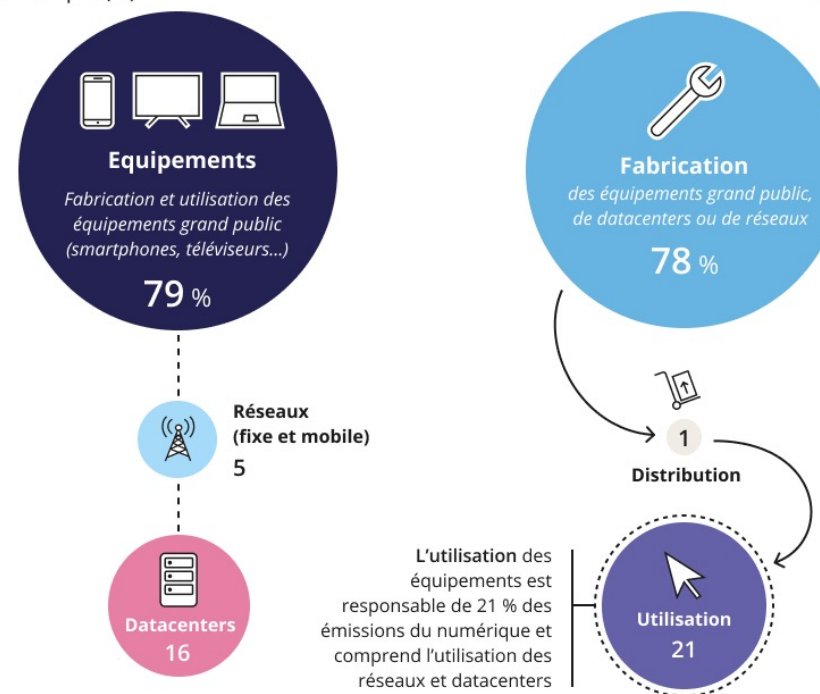
**10% of French electricity consumption, i.e. 48.7 TWh per year**

**Depletion of natural abiotic resources (minerals & metals):** represents around **27% of the environmental impact** of digital technology, and is equivalent to the extraction of 21 tonnes of gold.

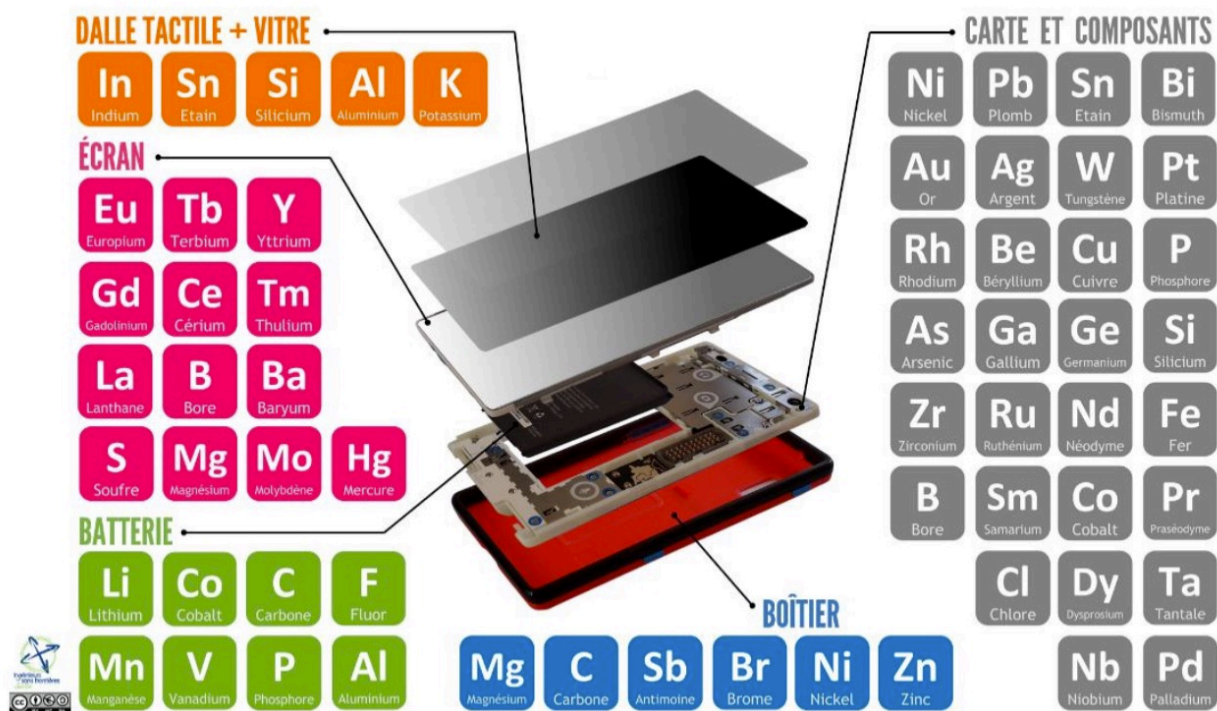
## L’empreinte carbone du numérique dépend essentiellement des équipements et de leur fabrication

Répartition de l’empreinte carbone du numérique en 2020 par composantes du numérique (%)

Répartition de l’empreinte carbone du numérique en 2020 par phase du cycle de vie (%)



# Focus: mining



Liste des métaux présents dans un smartphone - Source : Ingénieurs Sans Frontières

→ Further reading: David Maenda Kithoko's lecture "Pour une écologie décoloniale du numérique"  
("For a decolonial ecology of the digital age")

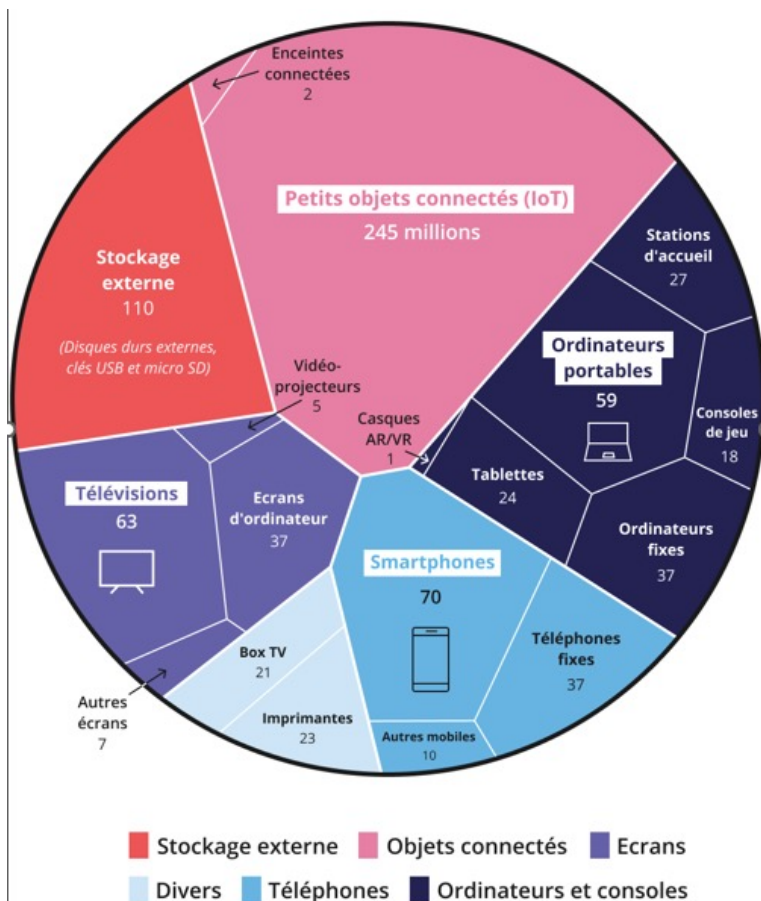
A smartphone requires some fifty different metals



Palabora Mine - 4.1 million tonnes of copper  
<https://dillonmarsh.com/fwiw.html>

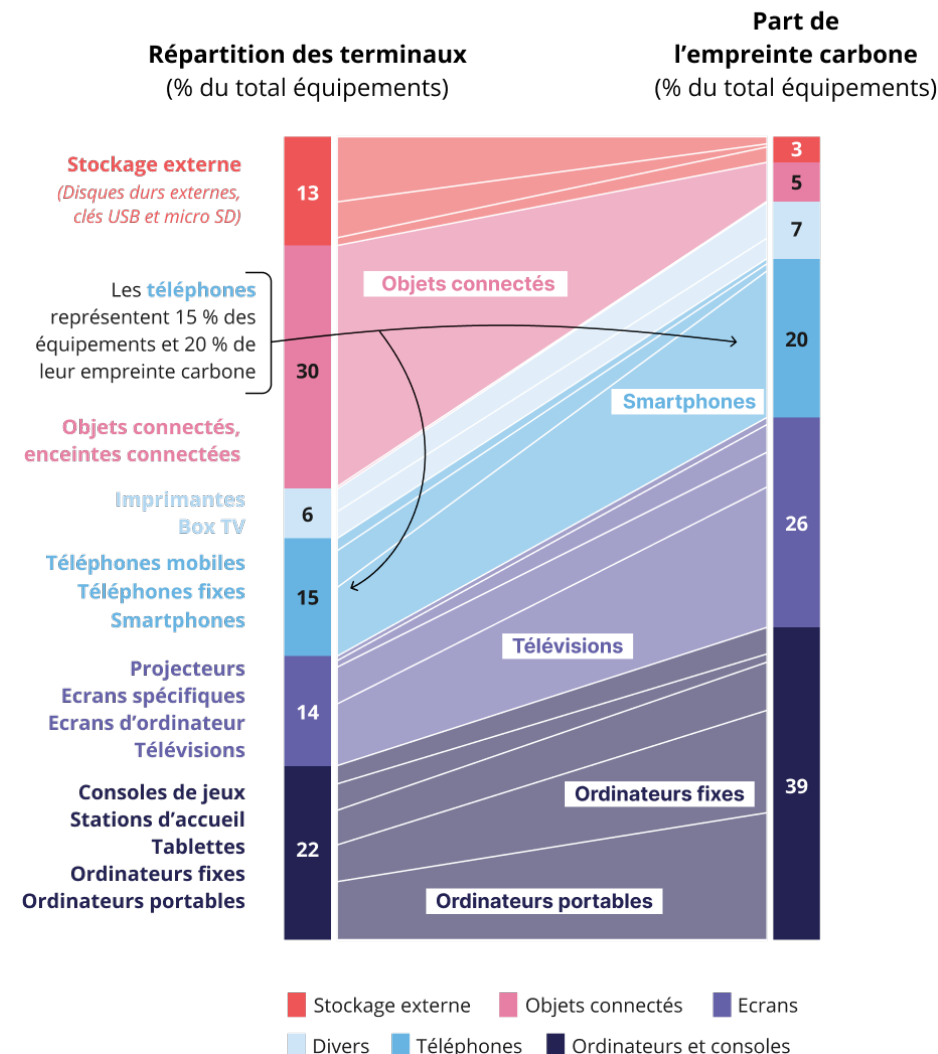


# User devices: 65 to 90% of environmental impact



## La responsabilité des équipements sur l'empreinte carbone du numérique comparée à leur nombre

Répartition du nombre d'équipements en France et comparaison avec la répartition de leur empreinte carbone (sur tout le cycle de vie)



# Prospective analysis for 2030 and 2050

- **Objectives:** assess the environmental impact of digital technology in different scenarios
- **Methodology:** Assessment of a trend scenario based on modeling of the 2020 impact.

**Scenario-based approach** to project developments that differ from observed trends and identify levers for improvement. It is divided into two exercises:

**By 2030**, with eco-design and sobriety scenarios combining actions that act on the main parameters of the model;

**By 2050**, with scenarios based on the **four social paths** proposed by ADEME in “*Transition(s) 2050*”.



# How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.



## S1 FRUGAL GENERATION

### Constraint frugality

Medium-sized towns and rural areas

Low-tech

Massive renovation

New prosperity indicators

Localism

3x less meat



## S2 REGIONAL COOPERATION

### Sustainable lifestyles

Sharing economy

Open governance

Controlled mobility

Environmental taxation

Cooperation between territories

Targeted reindustrialization



## S3 GREEN TECHNOLOGIES

### Decarbonation technologies

Biomass used

Hydrogen

Green consumerism

Minimum control

Metropolises

Deconstruction / reconstruction



## S4 RESTORATION GAMBLE

### Mass consumption

Urban sprawl

Technologies uncertain

Globalized economy

Artificial Intelligence

Capturing CO2 from the air

Intensive agriculture

# The ADEME scenarios all aim for carbon neutrality by 2050 and correspond to different societal choices.

Change compared with 2020



Terminal park



Lifespan



Unitary consumption



Usage

S4

**Scenario « repairing bet » :**

Acceleration of current trends and digital headlong rush

IoT x40

=

+25 %/an

S3

**Scenario «Green technologies» :**

Continuing the trend : technologies bring the solutions

IoT x15

=

+20 %/an

S2

**Scenario « territorial cooperation » :** Setting production and consumption habits and seeking efficiency

=

Sauf IoT x3

+1 an

÷2

+15 %/an

S1

**Scenario « frugal generation » :**

Consumption as close as possible to needs and systematic eco-design

Smartphones : -20 %  
IoT constant

+2 ans

÷3

+10 %/an

## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.



**Same number of digital devices  
as in 2020**

**Fixed-line networks only use  
optical fiber**

**Datacenters are optimized**

**On average components require  
3x less energy**

**No advertising screens**

**Mobile networks adopt sharing  
policy**

**For ICT ?**



- ✓ The principles of digital sobriety and eco-responsibility are the general norm
- ✓ Major changes in behaviour towards more sobriety
- ✓ Situations of shortages of essential raw materials
- ✓ Rise of low-tech products and services
- ✓ A clean break from current lifestyles
- ✓ Industries are reducing the use of all-connected systems by questioning the data feedback.
- ✓ The whole of society has access to the minimum of digital services for health, education, mobility, etc.
- ✓ Digital services are prioritized according to their usefulness to society
- ✓ Extensive communication on low-impact usage, in particular to limit rebound effects
- ✓ Hardware is optimized thanks to design efforts that extend the lifespan of equipments (servers, terminals), their reparability and without software obsolescence.

## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.



**The number of connected devices is limited**

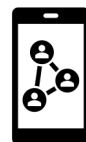
**Lifespan of devices is extended**

**Networks only use optical fiber**

**Datacenters are optimized**

**On average components require 2x less energy**

**For ICT ?**



1,1



=2020



=2020



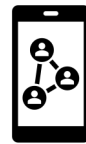
÷2

- ✓ Production and consumption habits are close to those of 2020
- ✓ A global approach to limit environmental impacts through technological developments
- ✓ All types of territory are considered in the digital transition
- ✓ Equipment requirements are systematically analyzed prior to acquisition.
- ✓ The search for efficiency and responsiveness to needs is systematic.
- ✓ Digital services considered more useful to society are given priority
- ✓ Communication focuses mainly on eco-actions and sobriety
- ✓ Digital services are accessible to all
- ✓ Eco-design and sobriety principles are the norm with a less restrictive vision than S1
- ✓ The whole society is committed to finding solutions for responsible digital services.
- ✓ Focus on reuse and recycling

## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.

### For ICT ?



- ✓ Based on widespread consumption of eco-designed digital products Major changes in behaviour towards more sobriety
- ✓ Limiting impacts through technological developments rather than behavioral changes.
- ✓ The digital revolution is taking place mainly in urban areas, where access to very high-speed broadband (fiber optics) is widespread.
- ✓ Digital uses are increasing considerably
- ✓ Sensors and IoT are widely used on a large scale but are designed to limitate and to optimize their usage.
- ✓ A focus on quality and performance limits over-equipment.
- ✓ Awareness of the environmental impact of digital technology and recycling
- ✓ High rebound effects



**The number of connected device continues to rise**

**Networks only use optical fiber**

**Datacenters are optimized but not limited**

**Equipments are more efficient**

## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.



**The number of connected device  
is exploding**

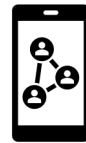
**6G**

**Huge datacenters and cloud  
services**

**Equipments are more efficient**

**Datacenters are optimized but  
not limited**

**For ICT ?**



=

- ✓ Everything is digitalized, (autonomous vehicles, smart homes, smart cities, metaverse)
- ✓ New technologies are encouraged: smart grids, blockchain, metaverse, AI services
- ✓ The development of digital services is leading to a proliferation of equipment
- ✓ Server centers multiply in number and size with dedicated energy production systems
- ✓ Sensors and IoT are widely used on a large scale
- ✓ Awareness of the environmental impact of digital technology and recycling
- ✓ High rebound effects
- ✓ This radical vision is based on the need to master other technologies, in particular energy production and storage, as well as carbon capture and sequestration.



# Workshop ! *(45 minutes)*

- Form 8 groups, 2 groups per scenario (5-6 per group, diversity is encouraged !)

Project yourself into one of ADEME's scenarios :

**What might my job be like in France in 2050 (doctoral student, teacher, researcher, etc.)?**

Research topics	Administrative	Data and calculation management	
Scientific watch	International collaboration	Teaching	Daily work organization
	Local collaboration		

Tips : focus on 2/3 topics per person



*By yourself : 8 minutes*

*By pair : 7 minutes*

*Group : 15 minutes*

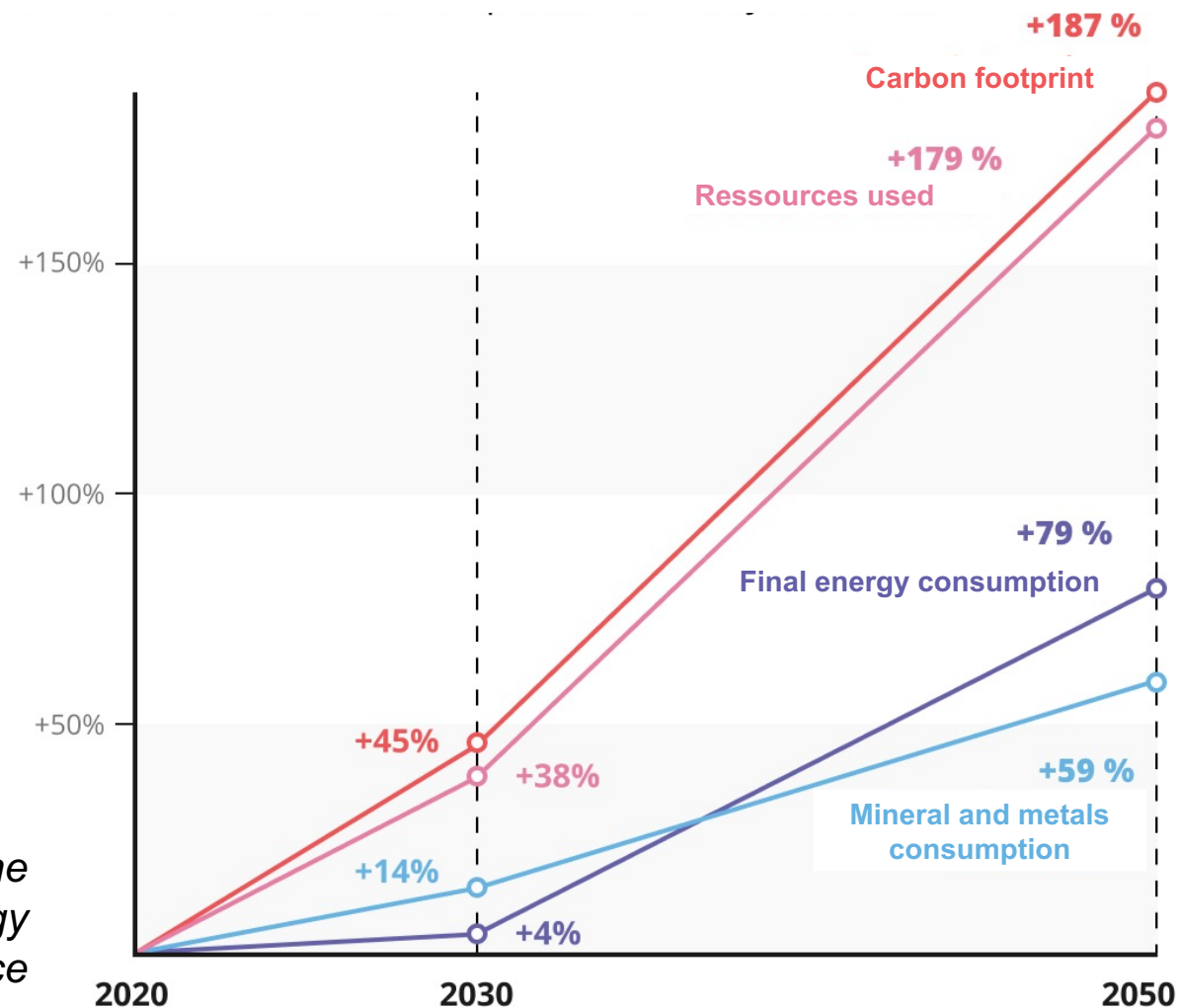
*Together : 15 minutes*

## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.

Without action to reduce it, the digital industry's carbon footprint could triple by 2050, while energy consumption could double.

*Trends in four indicators of the environmental impact of digital technology in France*

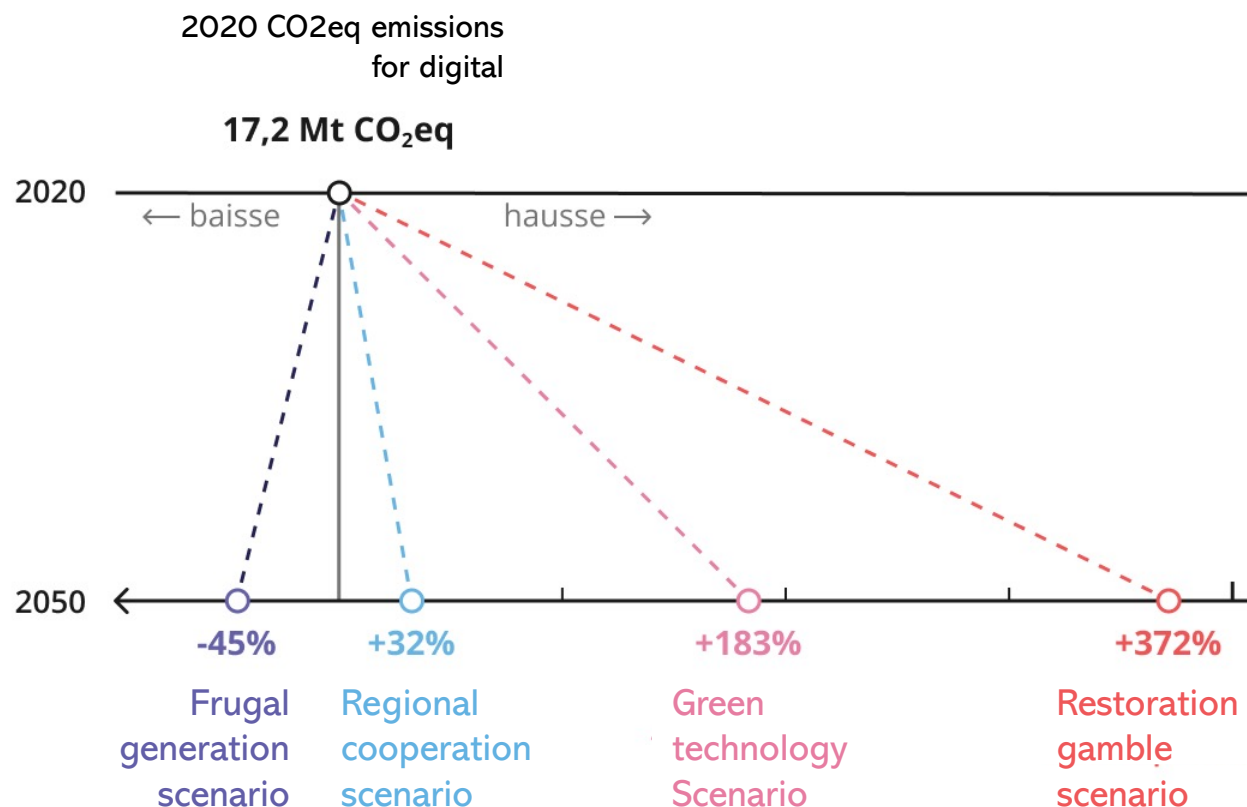


## How to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050?

ADEME has developed 4 “typical” pathways to feed the debate.

### Society choices: what carbon footprint for France in 2050?

*For each scenario : Rate of change for CO<sub>2</sub>eq emissions from the digital sector in 2050 (over the entire lifecycle) compared with 2020.*



# What solutions ?

Formation /  
awareness

Data and  
methodology for  
calculating impact

PROGRAMME  
Alt IMPACT  
se mobiliser pour la sobriété numérique

Deployment of digital  
sobriety in territories

Cross-disciplinary research

Low-tech

Accessibility

Decision-making

Education

Legislation

Standardization

Prioritization

Caution

# Ressources

# Thank you !

## To go further :

Librairie ADEME <https://librairie.ademe.fr/>

Base Empreinte <https://base-empreinte.ademe.fr/>

## References (french versions) :

- *Evaluation du numérique en France et analyse prospective*, Etude ADEME Arcep, 2022
- *Empreinte environnementale du numérique mondial*, GreenIT.fr, Frédéric Bordage, 2019
- *Prospective – Transitions 2050 – Rapport*, ADEME, 2021
- *Référentiel méthodologique d'évaluation environnemental des systèmes d'information*, Référentiel 2023
- *Etude de l'impact environnemental du numérique en France*, Etude ADEME Arcep Arcom 2024

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